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UNIT 66

train(s) / bus(es) <singular and plural>

The plural of a noun is usually **-s**.



a flower



some **flowers**



UNIT 66

train(s) / bus(es) <singular and plural>

-s / -sh / -ch / -x → -es

bus ➔ buses

dish ➔ dishes

church ➔ churches



UNIT 66

train(s) / bus(es) <singular and plural>

-y → -ies

baby ➡ **babies**

dictionary ➡ **dictionaries**



UNIT 66

train(s) / bus(es) <singular and plural>

-f / -fe → -ves

shelf ➡ shelves

knife ➡ knives



UNIT 66

train(s) / bus(es) <singular and plural>

These things are plural.



scissors

glasses

trousers

jeans

shorts

Do you wear **glasses**?



UNIT 66

train(s) / bus(es) <singular and plural>

Some plurals do not end in **-s**.

this **man**

a **woman**

a **child**

one **foot**

a **tooth**

a **mouse**

that **sheep**

a **fish**



these **men**

some **women**

many **children**

two **feet**

all my **teeth**

some **mice**

those **sheep**

a lot of **fish**



UNIT 66

train(s) / bus(es) <singular and plural>

a person → two people / some people / a lot of people etc.

She's a nice person.

They are nice people.





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Exercises 66.2

Look at the pictures and complete the sentences.

1



There are a lot of
_____ in the field.



Exercises 66.2

Look at the pictures and complete the sentences.

2



Gary is cleaning
his _____.



Exercises 66.2

Look at the pictures and complete the sentences.

3



There are three
_____ at the bus stop.





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