Unit
01~02

문장 성분 및 문장 구조/ 동사의 종류 및 시제

-문장 성분과 구조
-동사의 종류와 시제

Point Lesson

Unit 01

문장 성분: 주어, 목적어, 보어, 동사

■ 목적어

동사 뒤에 위치한다.

- The vice president postponed **the meeting** until the end of this week.[명사]
- Ms. Parker's gift has made **her** a notable artist. [대명사]
- He decided **to go to New York** to study visual arts. [명사구]
- Everyone knows **that it's important to treat our Earth with kindness**. [명사절]

Point Lesson

Unit 01

문장 성분: 주어, 목적어, 보어, 동사

■ 보어

명용사나 형용사 자리에 보어가 위치한다. 주어 뒤에 위치하며 주어의 상태나 성질을 서술하는 보어는 **주격보어**, 목적어 뒤에 위치하며 목적어의 상태나 성질을 표현하는 보어는 **목적격 보어**라 한다.

주격 보어	The question is **who approved the business proposal.** [명사절]
목적격 보어	Some employees wanted the company **to pay for their medical care.** [to부정사]

Check-Up

Unit 01

3. The bleak economic forecast will lead to a [reduce / reduction / reduced] in the number of orders from domestic clients.

7. Bandelectro's new line of air conditioners is [comparison / comparable / comparably] in price to its previous line, although the new line's designs are more attractive.

Point Lesson

Unit 01

■ 동사

주어 뒤에 위치하여 주어의 동작 및 상태를 나타낸다.

수 일치 The Holiday Food Store **sells** gasoline and groceries.

시제 Oil prices **have increased** sharply for the last five years.

태 The new product **will be launched** and sold by Kahee Corporation.

동사와 절 The steel company **produces** an annual 900,000 metric tons of steel products.

>> 해당 자리에 ~~producing~~, ~~to produce~~ 올 수 없다.

Check-Up

Unit 01

14. Mr. Watson [to play / plays / played] nineteen World Championship matches without defeat and won the title four years in succession.

15. Please [pay / payment] the overdue balance in full within seven days. Otherwise, we will be forced to take legal actions.

Point Lesson

Unit 01

문장 구조: 수식어구

■ **형용사** 형용사는 명사를 앞에서 수식하고, 형용사구[절]은 뒤에서 수식한다.

형용사	We are ready to host a **successful** shareholders' meeting next week.
형용사구	We have some packages **to deliver to Denver.** Several employees **in the London branch** were laid off due to accounting-related frauds.
형용사절	The cars **which are illegally parked** will be towed away by the police.

Point Lesson

Unit 01

문장 구조: 수식어구

■ **부사** 형용사, 동사,부사,문장 전체를 수식한다.

부사	· The presentation was very **impressive.** [형용사수식] · **Luckily**, Sue was able to meet the deadline to submit her résumé.[문장수식]
부사구	·The company is trying to expand into overseas markets **to realize sustainable growth**.[to부정사]
부사절	·**If the company doesn't want to take the risk of moving forward**, it is almost like a dead body. [부사절]

Check-Up

Unit 01

17. The new line of shoes, which was [recent / recently] aired in a TV commercial, was designed by Flarie Shoes Corps., an [impressively / impressive / impresses] design company.

18. Uniting two branches into one branch is one [possible / possibly / possibility] solution to get out of serious financial difficulties.

Point Lesson

Unit 02

동사의 종류

■ 동사의 형태 변화에 따른 종류

시제/인칭에 따른 변화	· We usually **work** between 45 and 55 hours a week. · She **works** for a car manufacturer in Alabama.
<조동사+동사원형>	· The public **ought to** have an opinion on the matter.
be 동사 뒤에 올 수 있는 것	· Most of the office equipment **was delivered** yesterday.
조동사 뒤에 올 수 있는 것	· The board members **have understood** the importance of this construction project.
자동사 vs. 타동사	· This year, almost 830 competitors from 67 countries **participated** in this event. · Finance ministers and central bank governors **discussed** the world economy. >> 자동사는 목적어를 취할 때 반드시 전치사를 필요로 하나, 타동사는 전치사 없이 목적어를 바로 취한다.

Point Lesson

Unit 02

동사의 시제

■ 동사의 형태 변화에 따른 종류

단순시제	현재, 과거, 미래를 나타내는 시제가 있다. · The chief executive officer said the company **would go** ahead with a plan to increase spending on plants and equipment.
진행시제	현재진행,과거진행,미래진행을 나타내는 시제가 있다. [Is/am/are+-ing], [was/were+-ing], [will be + -ing] · The center **will be researching** acid rain on forest ecosystems next month.
완료시제	현재완료,과거완료,미래완료를 나타내는 시제가 있다. [Have[has]+p.p], [had+p.p], [will have+p.p] · Mr. Carter will **have driven** three thousand miles by the time his business trip is over.