

Day 9

Question Type 6_(3)

1. Day 8 Review
2. Practice
3. Review

1. Day 8 Review

1. Biology는 6번 문제 유형에서 가장 자주 나오는 분야이다.
2. 답변 시간이 5초 정도 남아도 감점되지 않는다.
3. 6번 유형의 구조
 - (1) Topic → subtopic 1 → details → subtopic 2 → details
 - (2) Topic → subtopic 1 → details → 교수의 개인적 경험 묘사
 - (3) Topic → 교수의 개인적 경험... 끝

in the L	Plcs WH ppl oft excs
in the 1 st part	gym
what I learned is that...	-use ↑ Mchns - x worry abt bad wthr - ex) R/SN

in the L	Key Fcns of the Cph
in the 1 st part	1. go on the IT

what I learned is that...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - access V Rcs - if bored -> D/P vd Gms - search for info
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2. Practice 1

Note-Taking

Pfs talks abt	Paradox of Technology
1 st part	1. univ. rmt <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - operate many devices - too __ complctd__ to __ use__ - bc so many _____ fncts__ - read _____ L~ manual_____
latter part	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - take anywhere - small -> _____ BTs __ are _____ Tiny_____ - in a hurry -> really __X comfrtbl__ to __ press BTs_____

Konglish 피하기!

1. Take/have something with you와 take/have something의 차이점
2. Do you have ID?와 Do you have your ID with you? 의 차이점
3. Remote-control 또는 remote = 리모컨
4. Electronic devices = 전자 기기

* 특히 **electronic reader** 라는 말은 꼭 알아둘 것!

2. Practice 2

Note-Taking

Pfs talks abt	mimicry
1 st part	1. spdrs - _____ mmc ants _____ - ____ birds _____eat ____ spds ____ , but X ____ eat ants ____ - if see ____ spdr(look like ant) ____ → ____ stay away ____
latter part	2. 밀 ⇒ snakes - look like _____ look like coral snakes _____ - extremely _____ venomous, deadly _____ - easily scare away pdts _____

Full Response

→ In the lecture, the professor mainly talks about mimicry of animals. He gives two examples to illustrate this concept. In the first part of the lecture, he talks about spiders. What I learned is that they mimic ants. This is because some birds love to eat spiders but they don't eat ants. So, if these birds see spiders look more like ants, they will stay away. Then, in the latter part of the lecture, he talks about milk snakes. Specifically, they look like coral snakes. Also, they are extremely venomous and deadly. So, milk snakes can easily scare away predators. This is how the professor explains mimicry of animals.

오늘의 주제?

마지막에 오늘의 주제가 생각나지 않는다고 해서

So, this is how the professor explains.....

→ X 이렇게 답변하면 안 된다.

So, this is how the professor explains today's topic.

→ O 이 답변이 훨씬 더 적절하다.

3. Review

1. 6번 유형의 구조를 반드시 알아두자!

(1) Topic → subtopic 1 → details → subtopic 2 → details

(2) Topic → subtopic 1 → details → 교수의 개인적 경험 묘사

(3) Topic → 교수의 개인적 경험... 끝

2. 4번 유형까지 마치면 6번 유형은 완벽히 습득할 수 있다!

Listening Script

Paradox of Technology

W: Okay class, let's begin. Today, we will focus on a concept called the Paradox of Technology. Now, is technology always helpful in our lives? The Paradox of Technology states that technology might make things easier in our lives, but in fact, it can also cause us a lot of problems. Let me give you a few examples that might clear this up. First, let's talk about the Universal Remote. As you may know, this remote control can operate many electronic devices, such as the TV and the VCR. However, the Universal Remote is not very convenient. Why? Well, it's just too complicated to use. There are so many different functions. Plus, you have to read one really long instruction manual just to use it, so it's really confusing! Let's take a look at another device, the cell phone. These days, cell phones are great because they're small, so you can take your cell phone anywhere with you, but the thing is... uh, since they're so small, the buttons are also really tiny. So, think about it... if you are in a hurry, it will be really uncomfortable to press those tiny buttons on your phone.

Mimicry of animals

W: In the wild, certain species of animals can copy or mimic other living things. Meaning... they can imitate the behavior, sounds, or appearance of another animal. This resemblance is very important to their survival, since it helps them escape from potential predators. Now, first of all, I would like to take a look at spiders. It is really interesting to see that certain types of spiders try to mimic ants. More specifically... they try to look and behave just like an ant. Now, why is this important? Well, the thing is... some predators, like birds, love to eat spiders. It's their favorite meal.

However, birds usually don't eat ants, because...uh... ants just don't taste good. Therefore, if a bird happens to see a spider, which looks more like an ant, the bird will stay away from it. What about another animal that uses mimicry? Umm... say... Milk snakes? You see, Milk snakes are quite beautiful, with varying colors of red, black, and yellow. However, and this is important... these snakes look just like a coral snake, which is extremely venomous and deadly. In fact, coral snakes are actually one of the most dangerous snakes in the world. So, it goes without saying that milk snakes can easily scare away a predator that happens to come in its path, since they resemble the lethal coral snake.