Day 13

Question Type 4_(1)

1. Day 11 Review

2. 질문 유형 분석

3. Reading 공략

4. Listening 공략

5. Practice

6. Review

1. Day 12 Review

1. 대답하기 쉬운 쪽으로 간다.

2. 가장 일반적인 이유를 고르면 다른 질문에도 적용 가능!

3. 테마별 공통 분모를 찾아라! 독립형은 논리 싸움이다.

4. 2번 유형을 할 때 양쪽 모두 대답해보면 1번 유형에도 강해진다

2. 질문 유형 분석

1. 학술적인 주제의 지문을 읽은 뒤 그와 관련된 강의를 듣고 예시와 세부사항 등을 요약하여 말하는 것이 4번 유형이다.

2. Reading 지문의 제목을 보고 강의 주제를 즉시 잡을 수 있고 짧지만 45초라는 시간 동안 대략적인 내용도 파악이 가능하다.

3. Reading 공략

4번 유형 Reading의 일반적인 구조

1. 처음부터 주제의 Definition이 나오는 구조

2. General한 설명을 하다 주제의 Definition이 나오는 구조

Reading 공략 1

Buyer's Remorse

Buyer's Remorse is an emotional condition where a person feels regret for buying a product. After making a purchase, people might feel uneasy or worried about their decisions. This feeling is usually due to having spent too much money on very expensive merchandise. This sentiment usually disappears when buyers receive some reassurance that they have made the right decision.

독해 주제	Buyer's Remorse = an emotional condition where a person feels regret for buying a product
요점	1. Due to having spent ↑ $ on expensive items 2 . Disappear (WH) ← reassurance

Reading 공략 2

Cultural Diffusion

History has shown that dissimilar societies interact with each other frequently for social or economic purposes. Cultural diffusion is a term which explains that one culture adopts the customs, ideas, food, technologies, or religion of another. Many times, countries do this with the intention to improve their ways of life. It is important to note, however, that each country can be quite selective in what it is willing to accept as its own.

	Cultural Diffusion의 예를 definition에 나온 customs/ideas/food/technologies/religion 중 두 개를 골라서 설명
교수의 설명	1. improve way of life에 대한 예시
	2. each country can be quite selective에 대한 예시

4. Listening 공략

1. Introduction: 무엇을 노트필기 해야 하는가?

 - 주제는 이미 읽기 지문에서 취했기 때문에 적지 않아도 된다. 즉, introduction 에서 수험자는 아무것도 적지 않아도 무방하다.

2. 본론: 무엇을 노트 필기 해야 하는가?

 - 교수가 예시(subtopic)를 제시하게 되는데, 이 때 사용하는 Signal을 잘 듣고 예시를 노트 필기한다.

Signals : 예시 1&2를 소개할 때 교수가 쓰는 표현들

- First, let's talk about the features of the eye.

- An example I would like to discuss is the lion.

- Another example I'm going to cover today is the wild bear.

- Now, let's move on to the next example, which is called Buyers' Remorse.

- On the other hand, vehicles, such as cars, are very fast.

- On the contrary, trees can live for a countless number of years.

- Then what about the other example, the seals?

- As for the second idea, consumers will choose items that are economical.

- But that's not the only factor. You should consider the location.

5. Practice 1

Keystone Species	
A Keystone Species is a species that has an important role in maintaining the ecosystem. Eliminating these animals will have a large impact on the environment.	
토픽	Keystone Species
예시 1	Elephants
세부 사항	- destroy ↑TRs - G 4 small plts = ↑sunlight 2 grow - smaller anmls = eat the plts to Lv

Practice 2

Impression Management
Impression Management states that people try to present themselves in a way that they want to look to other people. They do various things to give a good impression to others.

토픽	impression management
예시 1	ppl wear suits 4 Intvs
세부 사항	-show = how serious! -look ↑professional -better chance of = getting a JB!

6. Review

1. Reading에서 지문의 주제와 정의를 파악하자.

2. Listening에서 Signal을 듣고 노트 필기하자.

Listening Script

Keystone Species

M: Alright class, let me talk about an interesting animal that plays a crucial role in the wild. Um… it's Elephants. Now, I know some of you might be surprised by this, but Elephants are actually a very important Keystone Species. For one, these animals destroy tall trees, which can block the sun. This is helpful for small plants because they can get enough sunlight to grow. And then, smaller land animals are able to eat the plants to live. It is important to note that without Elephants, some animals in the African savanna would not be able to get food to survive.

Impression Management

W: Have you ever dressed up to impress others? People always try to manage the impressions that other people have of them in any situation. Let's pretend that you have an interview for a large company. You want to look your best, right? So you would wear a suit for the interview. You see… wearing a suit is appropriate because it shows how serious you are. The suit makes you look professional to the interviewer, and leaves a good impression. Therefore, you will have a better chance of getting a job.