토플 적중 90 READING DAY 10.

Pre-Study

1. 점수 쑥쑥 동의어

intrinsic	
momentous	
conspicuous	
provoke	
retard	
viability	

[보기]

slow down	significant
ability to live	evident
inherent	incite

2. 한 눈 쑥쑥 지문 정리

Act 3-3 New York City Urban Planning

P1. 초기 NY random growth → problem (건강, 위생, 안전)
P2. immigration → overcrowding → epidemic
P3. sanitation 문제 : 주 교통 수단인 horse로 인한 (waste & 시체)
P4. human & animal waste →더 심각 heath p. = drinking water pollution
→ Old Croton Aqueduct : 물 끌어옴
P5. safety ignored → disaster (fire) → strict policy for city planning

Lecture Actual Test 03-3 New York City Urban Planning

학습목표

- **지문을 미리 풀어보고, 정답 / 오답의 정확한 단서를 파악한다.**
- **특히, 오답률이 높은 문제를 철저히 분석한다.**
  (1, 3, 8, 9, 10)

1. Actual Test 03-3 New York City Urban Planning

P1. Originally settled by the Dutch under the name of New Amsterdam, New York is one of the oldest planned cities in the United States. Like many early colonial cities, it began its existence as a fortification and was constructed along military guidelines. They eventually surrendered it to England, which in turn lost it when the United States achieved its independence.

1. The word They in paragraph 1 refers to
(A) the Dutch
(B) colonial cities
(C) guidelines
(D) the United States

2. The word inevitably in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to
(A) relentlessly
(B) unavoidably
(C) perversely 심술궂게
(D) allegedly 주장하는 바에 의하면 supposedly

3. Based on paragraph 2, what can be inferred about the epidemic outbreaks?
(A) The population did not decline despite the high death tolls.
(B) It deterred immigrants from settling down in New York City.
(C) No measures were taken after each epidemic outbreak.
(D) The buildings in the northern part of the island were demolished.

P2. 단서 1

historian estimate: population increase 100% every 10 years

단서 2

(1) Such massive immigration and overcrowding

➔ infectious disease (epidemic) ➔ kill thousands pp.

(2) way to alleviate overcrowding BUT disease return

(추론: way to alleviate overcrowding 효과 ___)

4. According to paragraph 3, what was the main role of horses in New York?

(A) Pulling cabs and wagons

(B) Disposing of waste in residential areas

(C) Fertilizing farmland

(D) Clearing snow in the winter

5. The word **reliable** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to

(A) conducive

(B) purified

(C) dependable

(D) polluted

6. Which of the sentences below best expresses the essential information in the highlighted sentence in the passage? Incorrect choices change the meaning in important ways or leave out essential information.

(A) The population was unable to filter the water from the polluted wells, leading to severe cholera outbreaks.

(B) The wells were used as sewers, polluting the aquifer and causing severe outbreaks of cholera amidst the growing population.

(C) The aquifer which the wells reached into, already insufficient with population growth, became polluted and led to increased disease.

(D) As the population grew, the wells could no longer reach the aquifer, which led to epidemics.

7. The word **viable** in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to

(A) potent

(B) permanent

(C) visible

(D) usable

8. According to paragraph 4, what did the Old Croton aqueduct achieve?

(A) It linked the Croton River to the Great Lakes.

(B) It provided an ample supply of clean water to the city.

(C) It paved the way for additional population growth.

(D) It improved the quality of life in the city.

9. Why does the author mention Great Fire of New York in paragraph 5?

(A) To prove that fire has a more disastrous effect on society than poor sanitation

(B) To highlight the unexpected consequences of constructing the Erie Canal

(C) To point out an aspect of urban planning the city planners neglected

(D) To introduce the history of fire safety regulations in New York City

10. The word **oversight** in paragraph 5 is closest in meaning to

(A) ignorance

(B) supervision

(C) neglect

(D) dispute

11. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as a cause of disease in New York City?

(A) Massive immigration

(B) Poor sanitation system

(C) Lack of aqueducts

(D) Wooden buildings

12. Where would the sentence best fit?

→ Most often, waste was left in the middle of the street, as horse owners were far less likely to clean up after their horses if they were not on their own property.

P3. Along with overcrowding, New York also suffered from an inadequate sanitation system. All of the cabs and wagons that transported people and goods through the city streets were pulled by horses, ~~~. By necessity, most of these animals lived on the island of Manhattan, often in residential areas. [■A] These animals generated large amounts of waste that piled up throughout the city due to a lack of infrastructure. [■B] This waste made the streets reek in the summer, and it mixed with heavy snow in the winter, sometimes accumulating in frozen piles up to two meters high.

13.

New York, one of the oldest planned cities in the United States, underwent significant trial and error in tackling problems such as public health, sanitation, and fire safety during its development.

● ● ●

P2. overcrowding→ epidemic

P3. sanitation문제 :horse로 인한

P4. human & animal waste →더 심각 heath p. = drinking water (물 끌어올 필요성)

P5. safety ignored → disaster (fire) → strict polity

(A) The huge number of immigrants settling down in New York rapidly increased the city's population, resulting in overcrowding and epidemic outbreaks.

(B) The lack of a proper sanitation system or a reliable water supply resulted in outbreaks of cholera, prompting the city to transport clean water to the island.

(C) The horse owners did not clean up after their horses, and often left the remains of dead horses on the streets, providing a trigger for epidemic outbreaks.

(D) Frequent outbreaks of infectious diseases led the city to demolish apartment buildings, and it was effective at curbing the death tolls.

(E) After the fire in 1835, a greater awareness of fire safety led to stricter regulations about constructing buildings.

(F) The building of the Queensboro Bridge allowed the waste accumulated in Manhattan to be transported to Queens, where it was used as fertilizer.

Tip!

Problem : 사실 정보 오답률 높아?

Solution :

(1) 기본 : 단어 + 해석

(2) 유추? 기본지식? 주관적인 판단?

(3) 주의 사항 복습

- 문제에서 요구하는 부분
- 주의 할 표현